Sin of the Elect Spoule

ONLY PUNISHED ON HER

BRIDEGROOM;

AND ALL HER

AFFLICTIONS AND TRIBULATIONS

Confidered as Appointments of

COVENANT LOVE.

" For He bath made Him to be fin for us, who knew no " fin, that we might be made the Rightenufness of GOD " in Him."—II. Cor. v. 21.

The latent Workings of my Sin,
And every rifing Thought within,
Do give me Grief and Pain:
But led by Faith to Calvary's Tree,
To view my Lord a Curfe for me,
My Heart with Love will flame.

LONDONE

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No. 35, SHOE-MAKER-ROW, (late Pasham's)

BLACK-FRIERS, LUDGATE-HILL.

IN BURNING pulling of book I have the ried him lebel ost other till But had by 153 h to Cabaun & To view my Lone a Carle for are, My Mart with Love will flance. Taul Ware course! stal) .w.o Massant-zono ... Place-Taires, Avecare-His

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" Am I therefore become your Enemy, because I have told you the Truth?" - Gal. iv. 16.

LUTRODUCTIC

INTRODUCTION.

THERE is no truth more obvious than this, viz. That the vessels of Mercy are not only predestinated to the adoption of children, but also appointed to pass through many changes and vicissitudes, in a way of providence, in this time state, as well as in the frame of their minds. But it is a comfortable consideration to all the recipients of Grace, viz. that the way was all marked out by infinite wisdom, and settled in a Covenant way for them before the foundation of the world. Hence I infer, that each mem-

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ber of JESUS will not have one meal of bitter herbs, nor one draught of Marab's waters, nor one pricking thorn or grieying brier, nor a wave of trouble, nor ftorm or tempest, more than unerring love and wisdom predetermined before the foundation of the world. With exuberant joy I can inform the subjects of Grace, that I am comfortably fatisfied respecting the afefulness of every sovereign appoint ment, knowing, from the word of infoiration, that all will eventually appear as conspicuous as the beams of the fun, to all the children of GOD, as Covenant appointments; fo that they Mall blefs and praise him with unfeigned gratitude for all his dispensations. It likewise appears unto me, that the servants of Christ, whom he has called into his vineyard, are to pass through their changes as christians and servants

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INTRODUCTION.

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in their Lord's work. The inspired Author of this invaluable Letter, was at diftinguished character. Paul's life was. truly a chequered one : his tribulations did abound, but through infinite love. his confolations did much more abound. Every fervant of CHRIST must have his Joseph's coat. It is through evil report. as well as good, that the fervants of CHRIST are to pass through their labours in this militant flate; neverthe less, Christ's banner of love will ever be displayed over them with fear not for I am with you. The glorious head of the church will make all his fervants. faithful unto death; and after death will give each of them a crown of life. But to return. In this epiffle, Paul confidered the conduct of the Galatians to be truly reprehensible, when he said. But now, after that ye have known GOD, or rather are known of GOD, how turn

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ye again to the weak and beggarly elements, whereunto ye desire again to be in bondage? chap. iii. 10. He also informed them, that he was afraid, left he had bestowed upon them labour in vain, verse Ir. However, faid he, Ye have not injured me at all, verse 12; that is, they had not injured his confidence in the deep things of GOD, nor his understanding respecting the finished work of Jesus. But this they had done; they had attended unto fuch teachers as were inimical to a free falvation, and who had been very affiduous in aiming to pervert the glorious truths of the precious gospel; on which account, he withstood their com duct, because they were blame-worthy, and even wished that they were cut of that had troubled them. Paul pointed out the fallacy of the fentiment which they had embraced, under the speciou pretence of greater virtue and holiness a conduc

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a conduct which bears a very great affinity to many professing churches in this dark and cloudy day. ICHABOD appears in their ASSEMBLIES; fo that it may be faid, where is the glory? The glorious truths of the gospel are departed from them. The good old corn of the pure Gospel is almost buried in eblivion, and COVENANT LAND MARKS covered with the dust of AR-MINIANISM. There are numbers in my view who profess to have an underflanding in the doctrines of Grace, and to have an experimental acquaintance with truth, yet worthip with a VAIL on their understanding: they can talk a little about Mount Ston, but at the ame time have a partial attachment to Mount Sinai; on which account they peak with a stammering tongue Sibetth, but cannot fay Shibboleth.

But to proceed. When Paul first

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in his flesh, was the want of utterance, and that that was the thorn given him after the abundance of that glorious revelation.

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fciences, viz. Am I therefore become your enemy, because I have told you the truth ? ver. 16. Many of the fervants of the LORD have been ushered into their office with loud hosannas, viz. Bleffed is he who cometh in the name of the LORD. or like a veffel richly laden from a far country, in full fail before the wind. coming into port with loud acclamations of ljoy and bas soulseld luch drive

Servants of CHRIST are like Ministers of State, they often receive PLUMES and LAURELS in one month, and their PRINCIPLES and CHARACTERS are tarred and feathered in the next.

Paul was once in fuch a fituation. as to be left destitute of a friend; for, said he, No man flood with me, but all men for fook me, II. Tim. iv. 16. Notwith standing, the LORD stood with me, and strengthened me, ver. 17. To books

It is obvious to me, that the more de la militar de la la pure

INTRODUCTION.

pure and evangelical a servant of Christ is in his ministrations, the greater opposition he will meet with in his labours; nevertheless, through supporting Grace, none of these things will move those who are valiant for the truth: such will never decamp from the standard of purity.

Respecting myself, as an individual, with foul-pleafure, and humble confidence, I can truly fay, that it has been for many years, and still is, the defire of my foul, to fpeak of the GLORY of the EXALTED SAVIOUR'S PERSON, WORK, and OFFICES, in my converfation and ministry, amongst the subjects of Grace. Now, if this be accounted vile, I will yet be more vile than thus, and will be bafe in my own fight, II. Sam. vi. 22. Being despised, and treated with apparent contempt, on account of expressing my principles with \$1997.E faithfulness

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faithfulness and plainness, gives me not a moment's uncasiness; on the contrary, I esteem it a BADGE of HONOUR.
Through the help of my Covenant
GOD, I can at times say with Paul, that
I take pleasure in infirmities, in reproaches,
in necessities, in persecutions, in distresses for
CHRIST's suke: for when I am weak,
then am I strong, II. Cor. xii, 10.

The occasion of the following SER, MON appearing in print, in one point of view, has given me pain; but in another point of view, it gives me joy of heart. I have for a series of years experienced a soul-comforting view of my interest in the COMPLETE SA, CRIFICE and ATONEMENT of the LORD JESUS CHRIST. By faith, I have been helped to view and my Side and Guilt, PAST, PRESENT, and to COME, punished in the LAMB of GOD, when HE was made a curse for

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xiv INTRODUCTION.

his BRIDE on the IGNOMINIOUS CROSS. But a strange PHENOMENON, an HYDRA, has made its appearance in the little camp, in which I have listed up the GOSPEL ENSIGN for near fourteen years. The Hydra is this that GOD had two ways in which he resolved that he would punish the Sin of his people; first, on CHRIST, and then on themselves. O baneful sentiment! Blessed is the man that is helped to take this Brat of Error, and dash it to pieces against the stone or pillar of Truth.

Such a sentiment is one of the corruptible Breasts of the Mother of Unrighteousness. Hence I infer, that all who suck the putrid milk from so baneful a breast, will have cause to sigh and mourn, and to smite on their thighs with indignation, Alas! what have we done?

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The following is the fubstance of two points of doctrine delivered, and elucidated upon in two discourses. Several interesting and momentous principles were descanted upon antecedent to the proceeding subject; a SUBJECT which contains inexhaustible matter, and will, under the gracious influence of the Holy Spirit, prove an overflowing spring of consolation to all the redeemed of the LORD, in time and eternity. The doctrine of GOD's everlasting love! Adoption, union, love, and oneness, with the LORD JESUS CHRIST, are fubjects of fuch a glorious and consolatory pature, that when divine faith reads her interest in them, the Heaven-born Soul feels joy unspeakable, and full of glory; and with exuberant felicity, anticipates the blooming and never-fading please fures of the eternal state of rest.

Every DOCTRINE of Grace being

the wonderful productions of love and wifdom, certainly will be productive of all that real good which JEHOVAH predetermined in Council and Covenant from everlasting. Amongst all the cordial and foul-transporting truths of the precious Golpel, no truth appears with greater lustre than the SURETI-SHIP! SACRIFICE! and BLOODY ATONEMENT! which the LORD IESUS CHRIST made in the fulness of time for all the transgressions of his people. Now, as it is the DUTY and FRIVILEGE of the appointed WATCH MEN in ZION to be faith of to truth, (fo far as GOD has made it known to them) I call upon you impartially to confider the following difcourse on the four different subjects hereafter mentitioned. Balled transition graincold salt force of the eternal flate of reft.

Every DOCTRINE of Grace

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SERMON, &c.

the transfer of the standard from

- "Am I therefore become your Enemy, because I whave told you the Truth." —Gal. iv. 16.
- I. Consider the Compleatness of CHRIST's
 Sacrifice for a'l the Sins of his People.
- 11. All Tribulations the wife Appointments of Covenant Love.
- III. A Knowledge of Interest, in the full ATONEMENT, made known to the New Creature in CHRIST JESUS, by the HOLY SPIRIT, is the Spring of Consolation, and of Purity of Conduct, in the Ways of GOD.
- IV. The spurious Sentiment that GOD put nishes his People for Sin, confuted.

1ft. CHRIST's Sacrifice for, Sin.

IT is with unfeigned love and joy that my ranfomed foul admires the glorious doc-

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trine

trine of COVENANT TRANSACTI. ONS, before the foundation of the world: even that Covenant which was made by the Eternal Three, in the mountain of Myrrh, and bill of Frankincenfe, Sal. Song, iv. 60 in which well-ordered Covenant, I view the Elect world ordained unto Eternal life, and received into inseparable union with the SON of GOD, who was fet up as GOD-MAN MEDIATOR, from everlasting, from the beginning, or ever the earth was, Prov. viii. 23. whose delights were with the fons of men, ver. 31. even the many whom GOD had chosen in him, and bleffed with all fpiritual bleffings, in beavenly places, before the foundation of the world, Eph. i. 3, 4.

When the LORD JESUS CHRIST received the Spouse into union, he received her in the PURITY of NATURE; that is, she was a spotless Virgin. Thus was she shut in, and for ever bound up in the bundle of life that is in the loving heart of her Bridgeroom, and had a portion of Grace given her in him before the world began, II. Tim. i. 9.—It is obvious to me, that this truth must be acknowledged, and most cordially received, by every man under the TUTORAGE of the HOLY

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SPIRIT. With unfeigned pleafure my foul has beheld it for a feries of years, and my heart gives glory unto him that has loved me, for being established in this precious principle. Let me intreat you, maturely, toconfider the fubject, and may the Lord give you understanding in the deep and. great MYSTERIES included in the EVERLASTING COVENANT. It is truly apparent unto me, that when the Bride was betrothed unto the Bridegroom, in the purity of nature, in Council and: COVENANT, her state of CAPTIVITY and INSOLVENCY was also predetermined through: the transgression of our POEDERAL PA-RENTS.

I am fatisfied that all who possess the invaluable blessing of divine perception and sentiment, will wisely acknowledge, that there would have been no propriety in the Load JESUS CHRIST becoming the REPRESENTATIVE, or SURETY of his Spoule, if her fall into transgression had not been DECREED*. Now the origin of evil has made

It is a received fentiment, that our first parents had a will given them to stand in the garden of Eden, and that it was in their power to have continued in

made way for the greatest good. JEHO-VAH did not give the ELECT divine and Eternal life, and Grace, in the first Adam, but they were given prior to the being or existence of evil, therefore could never be lost; nevertheless, the disobedience of our first parents, was an INLET to EVIL, and an outlet to unrighteousness. By one man sin entered in the world, Rom. v. 12. through the offence of one many be dead, verse 15. for the judgement was by one to condemnation, verse 16. By one man's offence death reigned, verse 17. by one man's disobedience many were

that state. Now this idle idea indicates great dimness of fight; and, in my view, an evidence of a debilitated understanding, respecting the DECREES of GOD, and Covenant transactions. I am satisfied, that our foederal parents had a will given them to stand, as long as GOD had predetermined, and no longer. Hence I view them fulfilling a Covenant appointment, according to the wifdom of GOD. It is obvious to me, that JEHOVAH had resolved not to grant them supporting aid any longer than they really flood free from transgression. All those who maintain the fpurious notion that the matter was wholly unpredetermined, tacitly declare, that cafualty was put in the Covenant; and in fo doing, confront the wisdom of GOD, who has given us to understand, that His Covenant is ordered in all things, and fure, H. Sam. xxiii. 5.

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made finners, verse 19. In consequence of which, death reigned from ADAM to Moses, even over them that had not finned after the fimilitude of Adam's transgression, Rom. v. 14. Now the law entered, that the offence might abound, verse 20. I consider the law to be a transcrip of the mind of GOD, and an emanation of the purity of his nature and wifdom; fo that it may be faid, with the greatest verity, his nature is seen in his law, and his law in his nature; and by this law is the knowledge of fin. Thus faid Paul, the fervant of CHRIST, I had not known fin, but by the law, Rom. vii. 7. Now the Elect Spoule, being in a flate of captivity and infolvency, by reason of transgression, and ARRESTED by the hand of JUSTICE. who had faid unto her, pay me what thou oweft. The ILLUSTRIOUS BRIDEGROOM! who had betrothed her unto himfelf in righten oufness and judgement, and in loving kindness and mercies, and faithfulnes, Hol. i. 19. 20. and had become responsible in the act of stipulation, in the character of a Surety, to pay the immente and awful debts which the had contracted, made His appearance in the nature of his Spoule, in which He els pouled Her, before time, which nature was pure

pure and holy. It was in the fulness of time that CHRIST came, but when the fulness of the time was come ; GOD fent forth his Son made of a Woman, made under the law, Gal. rv. 4. to redeem them that were under the law. in order that His children might receive a knowledge of their ancient adoption. The Almighty Surety faid unto his Father, a body hast then prepared me, Heb. x. 5. in which body, He faid, Lo, I come to do thy will, O GOD, ver. 9. I delight to do thy will, O my GOD : year thy law is within my beart, Pfal. xl. 8. The immaculate body of the Loan JESUS, was the Lamb appointed for SACRIFICE, to be offered up on the golden altar of His divine nature; in which facrifice, makey and truth were to meet together, and righteousness and peace to embrace each other. Now, when the LORD IESUS had fulfilled the preceptive part of the law, according to His own declaration, Viz. I have finished the work which then gavest me to do, John xvii. 4. that is, His active righteoufnels was commensurate to the purity of that obedience required by the law, which righteousness (indifcriminately) is imputed to all the VESSELS of Mercy for their IUSTIFICATION.

Now the obedience of CHRIST was

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to be both active and paffive; accordingly, CHRIST was arrested by the strong hand of Justice, in the garden of Gethsemane: then came on His DOLOROUS SUFFER-INGS. JESUS had paffed over the brook Cedron*, with His disciples; which brook, I confider, to be a folemn emblem of all the nauseous and loathsome fins of His Elect Spouse, which were coming upon Him by a Covenant appointment. The Almighty Creditor had taken cognizance of all the iniquities, transgressions, and fins of His people, from the first to the last that shall be called by Grace. He had collected them all-torether, even the fin and guilt of the last vain thought, or wandering defire, that shall be found in any of His faints while in this time state, and had marked them ALL ON IESUS; and now was about to lay the IM-MENSESUM, yea, the TREMENDOUS LOAD of all upon Him, It was this which caused the dear Redeemer to be in an agony, and to sweat great drops of blood, falling down to the ground, Luke xxii. 44.

All the fifth of the city of Jerusalem ran into this brook; and all the blood and uncleanness from the saughtered beasts, for facrifice.

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The time was now come, that CHRIST was to be delivered up into the hands of suffice, by the determinate council and foreknow tedge of GOD, so be crucified and flain, Ads ii. 23. The most folemn transaction that ever the Almighty JEHOVAH had predel termined to perform, was now about to take place. The incomparable fufferer comes almost deluged in blood to the appointed place, to be made a curse for his Bride! This was the day of GOD's Vengeance, and the year of RECOMPENCE; that is, to give a full recompence in a way of wrath and ment, due to the demerit of the im-CHRIST's Bride. Accordingly, we are in formed by Ifaiah, that the LORD bath laid on bim the iniquity of us all. Under the preffure of all the fins of the Elect world, CHRIST faid by the mouth of Jeremiah, The yoke of my transgressions is bound by His band; that is, my transgroffions, by IM-PUTATION, which are now bound upon me by the hand of JUSTICE; from which hand CHRIST, as man, was not able to rife up, Lam. i, 14. The fword of the LORD did awake against CHRIST, the shepherd of his people. GOD did smite the shep herd, and the man that was his fellow, with the

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the sword of Justice, Zech. xiii. 7. Agreeable to Isaiah, But he was wounded for our transgressions, he was bruised for our iniquities: the chastissement of our peace was upon him; and with his stripes we are healed, liii. 5. O, how sweetly doth this sublime passage, which is in persect connection with many others, demonstrate the doctrine of Eternal transactions. The preceding scripture sweetly corresponds with the Psalmist, viz. I will visit their transgression with the rod, and their iniquity with stripes, Psal. lxxxix. 32*. which prophetic

I am persuaded that a person of common sensibility, unacquainted with spiritual understanding in divine things, who has read this pfalm with attention, will readily tell you, that it is wholly of a prophetic nature. In my view, it has no more reference to GOD's punishing his people with stripes for fin, than the fubterraneous caverns of the earth have to do with the beams of the fun in its meridian glory. You who have spiritual knowledge, let me intreat you to examine the plalm in a dispassionate way and manner. If we were to reason upon these two portions, If his children forfake my law, &c. or if they break my fatutes, it would naturally imply this upon the common-received notion about the pfalm, that it is a matter altogether cafual, viz. that some might break GOD's flatutes, and forfake his law, and out not, when there is no truth more obvious viz. that we have all been Transgressore fi wemb.

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passage had its righteous accomplishment in the person of CHRIST, under the inflexible hand of Juffice, who was firicken fmitten of GOD, and afflitted, Ifa. liii. 4. despised and rejected of men; a man of forrows and acquainted with grief, ver. 3. The wrath of GOD was revealed from heaven, against all the ungodliness and unrighteousness of the Spoule, on her fuffering hutband, who was made fu for her, who knew no fin, that she might be made the righteousness of GOD in him, II. Cor. v. 21. Thus did the LORD go forth for the falvation of his people, with his anointed even the glorious and precious REDEEMER who trod the wine press alone, Ifa. Ixiii. 3. So that all the many, for whom He became curse, might be astonished in viewing bis vi Sage marred more than any man, and his for more than the fons of men, Ifa. lij. 14. under the unutterable pressure of their crimfor and fearlet fins, who, in the depth of His dodorific pain cried out, My GOD, my GOD, wby bast thou forsaken me ? Matt. xxvii. 46. O that we may be helped by the power of the Holy Spirit, with unfeigned gratitude, to rejoice in this mellifluous truth, viz. wh his ownfelf bare our fins in his own body on the

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free*, that we being dead to fin, should live unto righteousness: by whose stripes we were bealed, I. Pet. ii. 24. If we are a regenerated people, and that is made known to us by converting Grace and power, we shall triumph in the words of our Lord, who said, It is smissed, and bowed, and gave up the ghost, John xix. 30. that is, he had made a full ATONEMENT for all the SIN and GUILT of His people, by the SACRIEICE of HIMSELF.

Now, upon the compleat satisfaction of CHRIST, which I have already proved to be one of the grand pillars of the glorious Gospel, allow me to proceed; and pray take notice of the points of doctrine which I do advance. The reason why I thus speak, is because my principles have already been mis-

The light of pure redeeming love,
Like fun beams darted from above,
My fins did all display:
Countless as dancing motes and small,
On Christ thy justice mark'd them all,
And put them all away.

My fin, and guilt, on Him did meet;
On Him, in whom I stand compleat;
And bound up in his heart:
All the demerit of my fin
Was punished alone in Him!
Who bore my curse and smart.

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construed from inattention, ignorance, or prejudice. It is my invariable wish to be kept humble, unreferved, and faithful, to all my views of truth in my ministrations, When speaking or writing in the righteous cause of GOD and truth, I pay no attention to the smiles or frowns of men, Though some have funk into such despicable meanness, as to withdraw their subscriptions from supporting the cause, on account of truth being expressed with openness and freedom, this doth not intimidate my mind in Further; if all who are present, were to withdraw their support, on account of the principles which I have preached amongst them, I should regard it no more than the rolling dust before the wind. I can aver, that I trust in GOD, and am happy in knowing that I am loved. Now, as GOD laid the fins of all the Elect world on the Son of his love, Ifa. liii. 6. and He bare them on his own body on the tree, I. Pat. ii. 14. and as the LORD made CHRIST to be fin for his people, and also made Him a curse for them, Gal. iii. 13. and CHRIST has put away the fins of his Spoule, Heb. ix. 26. and fulfilled that fweet prophetic paffage, viz. As far as the east is from the west; So far

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hath he removed our transgressions from us, Psal. ciii. 12. and cast them into the depths of the

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Can the feven foregoing facts be confidered as infignificant or trivial circumstances? 0 my foul, implore the benign influence of the Holy Spirit, that thou mayeft be helped to live on momentous realities, and ever to give credence to INFINITE VA-LIDITY. I ask, is it possible for my Heaven-born foul to be under the influence of the Holy Comforter, and yet to think GOD will punish me for fins which he hath removed away, and cast into the depths of the fea? Unfeigned love in my heart to GOD, forbids me to countenance fo unbecoming. and dishonourable a thought. Further, the, LORD hath faid, for his childrens unspeakable joy, I, even I am he that blatteth out thy transgressions for my own sake, and will not remember thy fins, Ifai. xliii. 25. And again, I have blotted out as a thick cloud thy transgrest sions, and as a cloud, thy fins, Ifai. xliv. 22. Now can any man, under the influence of deliberate thought, affert, that GOD will punish the infolvent SPOUSE, when Her* SURETY

mon,

[•] What Paul faid in his invaluable letter to Phile-

SURETY has given a plenary fatisfaction to Divine Justice, for all her offences? O thou object of my foul's delight, may I never be left to fink into fuch awful infatuation of mind, as to impeach thy veracity. Allow me to proceed. It is obvious to me, that all those who contend for the unfcriptural notion, that GOD punishes his people for fin, are abfolutely confronting the wisdom and word of JEHOVAH, who has faid, I will forgive their iniquity, and I will remember their fix no more, Jet. xxxi. 34. Now I do from my heart believe, that GOD cannot trifle with his faints, but that he really meant what he faid: may I therefore ever live under a precious sense of this truth, and conclude, with unbounded joy, that GOD's

mon, in behalf of Onesimus, may with real propriety be applied to the wonderful conduct of the blessed Redeemer, viz. If thou count me therefore a partner, receive him as myself. If he hath avronged thee, or ownst thee ought, put that on mine account. I Paul have written it with mine own hand, I will repay it, Phile. 17, 18, 19. Or as Judah said unto his father Jacob, respecting Benjamin, I will be furety for him; of my hand stalt thou require him: If I bring him not unto thee, and set him before thee, then let me hear the blame for ever, Gen. xl. 9.

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nature, and Covenant engagements, forbidhim to punish that which he will remember no more.

Once more on this foul-transporting subject! GOD hath faid, that if the iniquities of Jacob be Sought for, they Shall no where be found, because they are buried in oblivion. It is true that the Spouse's fin was written with a pen of iron, and the point of a diamond; but then the whole fum was transferred to her SURETY, and blotted out, or funk in oblivion: it would therefore be unjust to punish fin again, when the Elect have been for honourably acquitted. And shall not the Judge of all the earth do right? O, my unchange-ABLE LOVER! help me, by thy Spirit, at all times, to give credit to thy faithful word of PROMISE, and to thy righteous declaration ons; and grant that my foul may ever rejoice in this melodious truth, ALL thy SIN was punished in CHRIST, and for ever buried in OBLIVION. To aver that the Almighty punishes His children, for that which Himfelf hath declared can no where be found is

[†] This puts me in mind of a sentiment which is newly revived, viz. that fin is not a creature, but a nonentity. This is what I call one of the travel-

an infult to common sense, and an affront to the wisdom and purity of JEHOVAH's comfortable and gracious declarations.

I shall now close this interesting and inexhaustible subject, with the words of Isaiah. being descriptive of the joy of my own heart, from a bleffed view of this last, and every fin of mine, being punished according to their full demerit on the LORD JESUS. CHRIST, when my Covenant Father bruifed him, and put him to grief, and made his foul an offering for fin! Sing, O yesheavens; for the LORD bath done it : Shout, ye lower parts of the earth; break forth into finging, ye mountains, O forest, and every tree therein; for the LORD bath redeemed Jacob, and glorified himself in Ifrael, Ifa. xliv. 23. Now, Am I therefore become your enemy, because I tell you the truth?

ling Hydras in the present day. The inferences which I draw from it are not forced, but natural. GOD entered into Covenant with CHRIST for a nonentity. CHRIST came into this world to live a life of obedience, and to die the death of the cross for a nonentity. The preceding fentiment is as abfurd as the divinity of the KETTERING ORACLE.

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II. Afflictions the Appointments of Love.

Afflictions and tribulations are the common lot of all men, for man, that is, all men are born to trouble as the sparks fly upwards. The ungodly are appointed to viciffitudes and changes, in a way of providence, as well as the veffels of mercy. I am fully fatisfied, that there is no chasm in the DECREE and PROVIDENCE of GOD respecting the Non-Elect world; all the changes which they pass through, are as many veffels emptying them from one to another, till they come to the place to which they were appointed, by reason of transgression. But I must recede from attempting a differtion on the Non-Elect, and come with opennels, unreservednels, and faithfulnels, to the subject before us, viz. to confider that afflictions are not fent in a way of punishment for the fins of GOD's people, but asuseful appointments of wisdom and love, in order to effect every falutary good that JEHOVAH predetermined. I have carefully and impartially examined the NEW TESTAMENT, from the beginning to the end, on the point before us; and I declare that I am pleasureably satisfied, there is not one portion leads to the midnight fentiment of G.O.D's punishing his peo-

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ple for fin, for which CHRIST has been made a curse. GOD has loved his children with an everlasting love; from which I infer, that all corrections or chastisements, are the pure and blessed fruits of his great love and fatherly wisdom. The utility and salutariness of all the appointed tribulation of GOD's saints, will be fully explained to them by the teachings of the Holy Spirit, and eventually the real good of all, acknowledged by them with unseigned love and gratitude.

Tribulation is the line by which each faint
Is measured by the stature taken right.

Divine wisdom and love have appointed us (in a Covenant way) a useful allotment of TRIALS, in this house of our pilgrimage, which are all to take place seasonably as a mean under supernatural influence, to accomplish all the good that he graciously designed. The LORD's people are disciples or scholars; as such, they frequently stand in need of correction, or rebuke. To this end the LORD has given us his word of inspiration, which is profitable for dostrine, for reproof, for correction, for instruction in righter eusness, 11. Tim. iii. 16. The judgements

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of GOD's people stand not only in need of information, but frequently of correction, respecting the nature, beauty, and harmony of Covenant arrangements. This correction appears to me to have been one grand article in Paul's ministry. In John's Epistle to the church at Laodicea, in the name of his LORD, he rebuked both their judgement and their conduct. As many as I love, I rebuke and chaffen, Rev. iii. 19. Let it be observed, there was not a drop of wrath in the reprehenfion or rebuke, but love : Love gave birth to the correction, therefore it could not be a punishment for their fin. WISDOM. which I consider to be JESUS CHRIST. addressed an adopted fon with, My fon, defoile not the chastening of the LORD: neither be weary of his correction. For whom the LORD loveth he correcteth, even as a father the fon, in whom be delighteth, Prov. iii. 12. It is therefore obvious, that all our heavenly Father's chaftenings spring from his love. and are directed by his love, and perform the appointments of his love. Neither can it be otherwise, when we consider that GOD is LOVE; in which love, we are loved and bleffed in JESUS CHRIST. The utility all Covenant appointments, respecting therly correction, appears to me as follows:

First. To give us a greater fight of our contaminated nature, that we may be humbled in the dust, and bafe in our own fight, II. Sam, of Covenant arrancen durs.

Secondly. To cause us to have a true fense and feeling of our inability, that we may acknowledge that without CHRIST we

can do nothing, John xv. 5.

Thirdly. To give us a more glorious fight of the mighty operations of the Holy Spirit, in drawing out our confecrated hearts to the LORD JESUS CHRIST, in a way of prayer, Rom. viii, 26. srolevent and lerres edt of

Fourthly. To help us to drink deeper into the precious doctrine of MOMENTA RY DEPENDENCE on the love, wifdom, power, and grace of our COVENANT

GOD, Sol. Song, W. T. W.

Fifthly. To give us to fee the mutability and emptiness of time, things, and all creature objects, and to wean us from the BREASTS of our LEGAL MOTHER and to help us to fasten, with greater pleasure, and to fuck with greater frength, the Gofpel Breafts of Confolation ! To that our faith may fay we are fatisfied.

Sixthly. That every Grace of the Spirit in our new nature, may be drawn out under istysorrection, appears to sac as followers

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un 13 t ALMGHTY, in one JEHOVAH, who is the glorious object of filial confidence and complacency, Sol. Song, iv. 16.

Seventhly. To cause us to feel real sympathy one towards another, who are brethren

in tribulation, Col. iii. 12.

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Eighthly. By the different viciffitudes and changes* that we are appointed to pass D through,

The ALMIGHTY and SOVEREIGN LORD of his pecple, who has done, and is still doing all things well in a way of Grace and Providence, sometimes withdraws the comfortable influence of his HOLY SPIRIT, in order to let his faints have a greater view of their sinful nature, and that they may sink deeper into true numility, which is the fruit of divine teachings.

Corrupt nature, when blown upon by the North wind of Temptation, or Easterly wind of Persecution, requenly bursts out like a breaking wave; in consequence of which, the subject of Grace is filled with rouble and forrow, but the child's feelings are not in my point of view a punishment for sin; his forrowful celings are an evidence of his new nature, and a weet demonstration of GOD's love to him, in cruing him thus to feel.

Now, when a subject of Grace is drawn away of sown lust, and sin is conceived, it bringeth forth eath (that is, darkness) on his frame; on which account, his soul is cast down within him. It is obvided to me, that the seelings which I have expressed,

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through, as pilgrims and sojourners in this valley of tribulation, we come to experience the suitableness and preciousness of the promises which are all in CHRIST JESUS, II. Pet. i. 4.

Ninthly. To make us more PATIENT, SUBMISSIVE, CALM, PASSIVE, and to feel contentment in every state in which Divine Providence hath placed us, Phil. iv. 11.

These are my views of all trials and tribulations, as the appointments of Covenant Love. I view them as privileged MEANS, not as MEANS of Grace, for I know nothing of any MEAN of Grace, but the Almighty JESUS; nevertheless, they are MEANS appointed, to lead to the GRAND MEAN of all. Is there any appearance of (that which is called) Antinomianism in what I have laid be-

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are so far from being a punishment for sin, that they are a precious evidence of the emanations of JEHO-NAH'S LOVE. Allow me to say, from my own experience, that when I have found darkness and distress of soul, on account of the workings of my sinfernature, nothing ever gave me relief, or eased my heart, but a faith's view of the SUM-TOTAL of a my sins being laid on, and punished in my LORD as SAVIOUR. A sight of the foregoing truth make me hate an unholy thought, and vain defire, as much as an unrighteous action. This is the Antino MIANISM I glory in, and in which I wish to die.

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fore you? Let me solicit your attention, while I attempt to give you a definition, with brevity, of real Antinomianism. Digressions, you know, are always allowable in compositions on any subjects. There are many professors, in our day, who pretend to be wise respecting divine principles, who, when they hear the doctrines of Grace preached in their purity, immediately cry out, Antinomianism, when, at the same time, they know no more about the sentiment, than a labouring Miner knows how to bind the sweet instruences of Plainades, or to loose the bands of Orion, Job xxxviii.

A real ANTINOMIAN, according to my conception, maintains the following PRING CIPLES:

First. Universal redemption and salvation, in consequence of CHRIST's death.

Secondly. That there is no fin in the world, avering that CHRIST has taken it

Thirdly. They deny the work of regeneration; or that a new nature is brought in the foul of a believer.

Fourthly. They disallow of Gospel ordi-

Now hath the dust, addressing you, ever dvanced any thing of this nature? I solemn-

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ly appeal to your consciences: you know that I have not; on the contrary, they are fentiments which I view to be unfcriptural, and therefore unfound. My delight has been, for a series of years, to preach the unsearchable riches of CHRIST; or, in other words, the doctrines of a discriminating nature, which I confider to be the pure doctrines of the Gospel of CHRIST. Blush then, O ye professors, who have fat under my miniftry for fo many years, on account of your inattention to the word preached; or take shame to yourselves for acting in so perfidious a manner, in construing the purity of my principles in an unrighteous way and manner. I think I have just reason to say Have I been fo long with you, and have ye mi known my Doctrine? A poet's words forcis bly firike my mind, viz. "For colour, all full well you know are equal to the blind." Blindness, in part, hath happene unto you: the vail appears to be on you understanding; nevertheless, when turning Power, with Divine illumination, coma from the LORD, the vail shall be taken away then will you fee the beauty, glory, and pre ciousness, that there are in all Covenant ap pointments; and, with unfeigned love, yo

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I therefore become your enemy, because I tell you
the truth?

III. Atonement received, the Spring of Confolation, and of Purity of Conduct.

A view of the great atonement made by the Son of GOD, in theory, is no demonstration of a man being a new creature; but the ATONEMENT received by faith, under the powerful operations of the HOLY COMFOR-TOR, makes a man a witness of that MOMEN-Tous and IMPORTANT TRUTH. Every man who hath a knowledge of his RE-GENERATION, by his conversion unto the LORD, lives a spiritual life, from a spiritua al nature, which is inseparably united to CHRIST; in which nature, the fruits of the Spirit are implanted, consequently righteous principles, which lead the recipients of Grace to righteousness; so that, as new creatures in CHRIST JESUS, they denvi and withstand all the ungodly motions of their finful Adam nature; and, as new men, live and walk in the purity of truth from

* A regenerated child of GOD has a nature given

from the purity of indiffolvable UNION with the LORD JESUS CHRIST. The humble followers of the LAMB, follow him from a principle of unfeigned love, having received him into their hearts as the hope of glory, and as GOD's precious salvation. Vessels of inercy are light in the Lord, and walk as children of light, Eph. v. 8. For the fruit of the Spirit is in them in all goodness, and righteousness, and truth, verse 9. Proving what is acceptable unto the LORD, verse 10.

In the economy of the Covenant, the Holy Spirit engaged to guide the VESSELS of

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him, which is immaculate, which habitually hates fin, and delights in holines; which nature being united to CHRIST, is incapable of being alienated. The subjects of Grace, can at times fweetly fing, I am my LORD's, and He is mine; our bearts, our bopes, our pafhone join. The immortal principles in the child of GOD are an inflexible antidote against all impurity within and without. The pure nature in the converted fon, is invariably REPELLANT and ATRAC-TIVE, repelling all the rifing motions of fin in the vile nature, and attractive in drawing to behold the Superlative and transcendent beauties and glories of the LORD JESUS CHRIST. The verity of thos words are sweetly experienced, viz. The Love of CHRIST confirmineth to loath all impurity, and to love holinefs and righteoulnefs. Mercy

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Mercy into all truth : agreeable to the SAVIour's declaration, He Shall glorify me : for he hall receive of mine, and Shall shew it unto you, John xvi. 14. Amongst all the wonders of Covenant, and of REDEEMING LOVE, the price of redemption, which is more precious t ban rubies, Prov. iii. 15- is one grand and inexhaustible subject, which the immaculate Spirit of Wisdom leads the redeemed of IESUS into an experimental acquaintance with; fo that they can fay, We also joy in GOD, through our LORD JESUS CHRIST, by whom we have now received the ATONEMENT, Rom. v. 11. O bleffed fountain of inexhaustible and unbounded confolation! How refreshing, falutary, and healing, are all thy invaluable and efficacious ftreams. A fight of my interest in the PURITY, FULNESS, and COMPLEAT. NESS of CHRIST, my PASSOVER, who was facrificed by the hand of JUS-TICE in my place, and for my transgresfions, has given me the most humiliating fight and sense of the evil of my fin: I can therefore fay with Paul, that fin is become exceeding finful, Rom. vii. 13.

There is no point more obvious to me in real DIVINITY, then the following, viz. that

the

the purity of the Doctrines of Grace, which are made known to the pure in heart, by the fanctifying operation of the HOLY GHOST, leads to purity of conduct.

First. They walk in the way of Wist dom, being followers of GOD; as dear chill dren, Eph. v. 1. and walk in love, as CHRIST also hath loved them, and bath given bimself for them an offering and a facrifice to GOD for a Sweet-smelling savour, verse 2. Further; in this house of pilgrimage, they have no fellowthip with the unfruitful works of darkness. but habitually reprove them.

Secondly. A fenfe of a free, full, and IRREVERSIBLE PARDON, through the ATONEMENT of CHRIST, leads to purity of COMPANY. All my delight is with the faints on earth, especially those that excell in virtue; that is, in evangelical knowledge, and in a rich experience of the truth.

Thirdly. It leads to Purity of conversation. Their conversation is in heaven; that is, about heavenly things. For thus faith the LORD, I will turn to the people a pure language; that they may call on the name of the LORD, to ferve bim with one confent, Zeph ni. 9. Am I therefore become your enemy, be caufe I have told you the truth?

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IV. The fallacious Sentiment, that GOD punishes his People for Sin, refuted.

The solemn prelude to every servant of CHISRT's credential is, If any man speak, let him speak as the Oracles of GOD. And he that hath my word, let him speak it faithfully.

It is not the credenda of any man, or body of men under heaven, that is any rule for my faith; if it have not a, thus faith the LORD, Implicit faith is the IDOL of ignorance, and Aupefaction. It is the privilege of the subjects of Grace to fearch the feriptures, and to implore the powerful and benign influence of the HOLY GHOST; that they may have more expanded views of the glorious Doctrines of Grace, and a more fensible enjoyment of their great importance. Every momentous truth claims our firich attention. Servants of CHRIST are appointed to be valiant for the truth, by defending the purity of every invaluable principle. It is obvious to me, that the shadows. of the evening are come upon many churches. For it appears to me, that all who contend for that unscriptural, and baneful fentiment, viz. that GOD punishes the Spoule of CHRIST, for the fins which HER BRIDE-GROOM was made a curse for, are tacitly denying

denying the facrifice* and atonement to be compleat, and ignorantly confronting the gracious declaration of the ALMIGHTY SA-

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* The Catholicks aver, that JEHOVAH refolved, in his infinite wisdom, that fin should be punished five different ways.

First. On CHRIST on the Cross, for the fins of all who were then in purgatory, which they have attempted to prove from Matt. xxvii. 52. And graves were opened, and many bodies of faints which stept arose.

Secondly. That CHRIST is daily, to be offered up for the fins of the Catholic members on earth, and of all that are in purgatory. This they pretend to prove from the daily facrifices that were offered up under a former difpensation, averring that there must be an agreement between things Typical, and the Antitype.

Thirdly. That the Romish clergy have a power imparted to them to insict Penances, as a kind of a LITTLE ATONEMENT for sin, which they can LENGTHEN or SHORTEN, according to their own discretion, which they ground upon the words of CHRIST to Peter, viz. Whosever sins ye remit, they are remitted unto them; and whosever sins ye retain, they they are retained, John xx. 23.

Fourthly. Punishing ourselves for sin, which the Catholics acknowledge to be meritorious.

Fifthly. That GOD punishes his people for fin, by all kinds of affliction, which are sandtified through the constant intercession of the church.

An authentic ANECDOTE strikes my mind. An

VIOUR on the crofs, who faid it is FINISHED

John xix. 30.

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Let us minutely examine the subject. It is obvious, that all who aver that JEHOVAH resolved in the Covenant compact, to punish sin, in the Spouse, as well as in the Surety, are really, in my view, worshipping with a vail on their understanding.

I must think, that all who are of this POPISH PRINCIPLE, have the most dishonourable thoughts of the Eternal GOD, and of his CHRIST. It is impossible for you to have any glorious and exalted

ancient Lady had been to her CONFESSOR, a few days before the beginning of Lent, and informed him, that he was much indisposed respecting her bodily health, and wished for some small indulgence during the forty days of humiliation, viz. that the might eat flesh twice a week : her request was granted. She then informed the prieft, that the had endured great pain for a confiderable time from a bad tooth, which the confidered to be an affliction for her fin, but affured him, painful as it was, the would keep it in all Lent, as a further punishment for her transgressions: The old Lady made good her promise, and then informed her Husband, that she would not have been without her bad Tooth for a large fum, because it had been a voluntary punishment for her fins, and therefore truly meritorious. However, the old Lady had abfolution and deliverance from her troublesome immate in one day: the latter was no finall joy to the family, because her patience had been as defective as her lodger.

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thoughts, and confistant ideas, of the Lord JESUS CHRIST, as the only propitiation for transgression, while you maintain so disagreeable a sentiment.

First. Your conceptions and perceptions, respecting the evil of sin, must be tenebrous, therefore stand in need of the orient beams of Wisdom, to chace away the gloom and darkness from your minds. You can never think that there is an infinite demerit in sin, while you affert that GOD punishes those for sin, for whom CHRIST died.

Secondly. Your views must be very superficial respecting the purity of GOD's law. Your sentiment implies this, if it imply any thing, viz. that the law did not take cognizance of all the sin of the Elect world on CHRIST, in order to punish him in the wine press of vindictive wrath; therefore, on your own principle, the SACRIFICE was inadequate to the claim of JUSTICE, consequently partial, and incomplete: or further, if you think at all, you must conclude, that Justice was relaxed in its demands, consequently there must be a defect in the LAW or SACRIFICE.

Thirdly. There are some things in your fentiment incompatible with the ATTRI-

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BUTES and PERFECTIONS of JE-HOVAH. He can never love in a partial way, because his nature is IMMUTA-Hence he has faid, for the comfort of CHRIST's Spouse, Yea, I have loved thee with an everlasting love, Jer. xxxi. 3. Again, the LORD, from necessity of nature, must punish fin, according to its demerit, on the AGGRESSOR, or on a SURETY. If you will not allow punishment for all unrighteousness to be penal, you impeach the Wisdom, Holiness, and Justice of the AL-MIGHTY LAW-GIVER. Now the fins of the Elect world have been fully punished on the Redeemer in a vindictive way, according to their vile and curfed nature".

About seventeen years past, I remember being sent for to Westminster, to visit a person in great distress of mind. It was with her, as it had been with Naomi, viz. the LORD had taken away her husband, and her two sons. She told me that she believed that the LORD had taken them away as a punishment for her sins. I had some reason to hope that the woman was a subject of Grace; on which ground, I proceeded to open the way of salvation to her, through the satisfaction of CHRIST, as the six offering for all the transgressions of his people. A person in the room instantly sprang up from her seat, and said, "O, Sir, you are an Antinomian," adding, and said, "O, Sir, you are an Antinomian," adding,

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talk of GOD having punished fin heavily on CHRIST, but that he punishes it in a light way on his people, in my view, is the greatest abfurdity that ever was advanced by a rational being, professing to understand the Gospel of CHRIST. If a PRINCE were to become SURETY for an INSOLVENT PRINCESS, whom he had prior loved, and betrothed, on fuch principles of honour, as are graceful and ornamental to royalty: and if we were to view him going with a willing mind from an heart running over with love to her, and honourably paying the immense debt which she had contracted, into the hands of the CREDITOR, and bringing her in triumph to his magnificent palace, and making her the confort of his bosom, as well as a sharer of his riches and honours, and this proclaimed by an HERALD, throughout the PRINCE's DOMINIONS, should wee not fee his fidelity and generous conduct operate

"I affure you, CHRIST shall never bear my sins; I have more love for him than ever to let him be my PACK-HORSE." This last person had sat under a Golpel Ministry for upwards of twenty years, and had likewise made a great profession of knowing the truth; however, it was very apparent that she had neither the hearing ear, seeing eye, nor understanding heart.

on the hearts of his subjects, to revere, with unfeigned affection, fo ILLUSTRIOUS a CHARACTER? The reply is natural, from every thoughtful and expanded mind. Suppose, after the celebration of the marriage nuptials, the OLD CREDITOR hould come upon the PRINCESS with cruel fripes, for the debt which her PRINCE had; paid? Would not this raise indignation in his breaft, and in the hearts of his fubjects, against such an unjust being? Would they not all agree to bring him to condign punishment? The SOLUTION is easy. Now the LORD JESUS CHRIST has paid into the hand of Justice an invaluable price, even a full fatisfaction for all the fins of his Bride! And can I therefore entertain the ungenerous and base thought of my Covenant GOD and Father, that he will punish the Spouse for debts which her LORD has paid? The fentiment to me is horrid in all its forms. It is my prayer, that I may never be left to fuch darkness of mind, or to such a strong delusion, as once to think that the GOD whom I love, upon a knowledge of his love to me, should ever act like an unjust man. h is obvious to me, that the notion of GOD's punishing his people for fin, is the very effence

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fence of Popery: and if ever the PRINCI-PLES of the MOTHER OF UNRIGHT BOUSNESS bath a greater spread in these kingdoms, it will come in, in my view, through the mimistrations of those who maintain that principle. Further, let me intreat your attention to the following portions of the word : But we glory in tribulations alfo, knowing that tribulation worketh patience, Rom. v. 3. and patience experience, and experience bope, verse 4. Now if Paul had viewed tribulations, feat foul as a punishment for fin, he most certainly xix gloried in that which was not good, and attrihuted good to that which was only evil. He into also informed the Corinthians, that he and his the brethren in the Lorn were filled with comfort, thin and exceeding joyful in all their tribulations, 11. Cor. vii. 4. It is therefore plain, that that the fervant of CHRIST viewed, and also relove, confequently productive of all that MI good specified, otherwise his glorying and rejoicing must have been of an unrighteous the
nature. Once more let us consider the afflict for
tions of Job. It is plain also, that they were
all the appointments of Covenant Love to
him. The Almighty gave Job a character four
unto Satan, viz. that of a perfect and an apright man, one that feareth GOD, and efebeweit tell ouil

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NESS cil, i. 8. But we find that Eliphaz the Tes, it manite, and Bildad the Shuhite, and Zophar mi- he Naamathite, were of the same judgement inci- with some in the present day, viz. that GOD ition did punish his people for fin, and that GOD But was punishing his servant Job for unrighter theousness. Job knew that they were in an erpor, which moved him to address them in the sollowing manner: How long will ye ven my sent soul, and break me in pieces with words? Job ainly xix. 2. Thefe ten times have ye reproached me ttri- ver. 3. Nevertheles GOD brought them He into their right mind, and Job prayed for d his them, though they had not foken of him the fort, thing which was right, xlii. 8.

tions, Having recourse to transactions under a that shadowy dispensation, (when the people woro re- shipped under a cloud, to support a TENET ts of which is inimical to the full ATONEthat MENT of CHRIST) is an indication to me, drethat it is a very cloudy day with respect to teous the understanding of those men who contend fflic for that which the ALMIGHTY JEHOwere VAH has no eyes to find : for thus faith the ye to LORD, if fins be fought for, they can no where be

acher found, Jer. 1. 20.

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Introducing detached fentences from old ewell testament transactions, to support a principle

that stands opposed to the work of CHRIST, and purity of the Gospel, is shamefully absurdated. We have nothing to do with the Jewish Ritual, or Code of certain laws, which were made with the tribes of Israel as a nation, which laws were given to them as a conditional Covenant, to be attended to in a rational and duty way, which, when strictly observed, the blessings promised were liberally granted; but when disregarded, withholden from them.*

The passages introduced to support this fa-

It is truly apparent to me, that all those who maintain that bodily afflictions are vifitations in a way of punishment for fin, must have unaccountable Ideas of the nature of the Almighty, When those of this principle have been under painful ficknesses, what SPIRIT could move them to send for a Physician, if they believed that GOD was punishing them for their fins? The LORD hath faid, I will work, and who fhall let it, Ifa. xlin. 13. The conduct of those understanding men, I think, is very reprehentible, in doing violence to their own fentiment, in attempting to prevent the Lord from going on with his own work in punishing them for their fins. If those of the preceding principle were to all in CHARACTER, agreeable to what they profes, they should never call in any of the FACULTY, lef their afflictions be ever fo great, but leave the matter wholly with the LORD.

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been misconstrued, and their original features distorted. Am I therefore become your enemy, because I have told you the truth?

Real fervants of JESUS know the truths and live and rest in the truth. They know the truth of the precious Gospel, and rejoice in the truth which has fet them free from the law of fin and death. They know the truth of CHRIST's righteonines, in which they fland compleat, and glory, and all those who are not leaning to their own understanding, but are under the benign influence and teachings of the HOLY SPI-RIT, know the bleffedness of that foul-comforting truth, viz. CHRIST.made a CURSE and bloody SACRIFICE for all the SIN. and GUILT of the veffels of Mercy, even to the last motion of impurity that may be felt in their fouls, while in time. It is with pleasure I can declare that I am happy in a sweet view of my Eternal interest and inseparable oneness with my LORD and SAVIOUR JESUS CHRIST. When I have been helped to take a faith's view of my union with him. I have feen my felf with him in Eternity: I have feen myfelf with him in his wonderful birth! in his death! with him in the grave

with him in his glorious refurrection! in his afcention! and fitly fer as a feal on his heart, in the holy place not made with hands.

Let me intreat your indulgence a little longer. Some have inadvertently faid, if all our fin past, present, and to come, hath been punished in CHRIST, and that GOD doth not punish his children for transgression, may we not then live as we lift? I answer, in one point of view we may, because if we are heaven-born, our lift will be, to be looking unto IESUS, and living upon, and receiving out of his fulness, Grace upon Grace, that we may habitually live to his glory. But if any of you now present draw finful inferences from the purity of a falutary truth, I must fay, to the honour of my GOD, and in faithfulness to your fouls, that you are strangers to a spiritual change; therefore at prefent, the root of the matter is not in you; that is, you are not REGENERAPED; or in other words, you are not born of GOD. I once heard an HERDSMAN, who at this time is in high offimation for a work of close thinking, aver that GOD fometimes threatened his own children with banishment, damnation, and hell fire, in order to keep them from fin. Monishing! and can these be the conceptions

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of a spiritual mind? Impossible. I will now take the liberty freely to inform you, that I have had a large portion of tribulations for a feries of years, but I am confidentially fatisfled, that my Almighty Lover never penished me for fin. Let me add, that there is nothing makes me hate fin, but a discovery of GOD's love to my foul, through the ATONE-MENT of CHRIST. Further, there is one point of Christian experience, which the babes in CHRIST frequently mifconftrue, viz. that when the outward waves of tribulation join the internal Sea of Corruption, and the North wind of Temptation is commissioned to blow, they are ready to conclude that the LORD is punishing them for their fin. But it is obvious to real spiritual perception, that GOD cannot do any thing but in a way love to his faints; for godly forrow, and fweet contrition of spirit, which are both in our new nature, are glorious demonstrations of the life and love of JESUS in our fouls. This creates in the new man, indignation against all iniquity, and revenge against the pow of darkness, II Cor. vii. 11. I shall now close the subject with two declarations.

First, the two points of doctrine, which have

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fectly agreeable with my writings. There is not a word faid in any of my works concerning GOD's punishing his people for fin, or punishing fin in them. The feelings of the children of GOD, under a fense of their fin, in their finning times, are evidences of JE-HOVAH's Love to them. If I am despised or set at nought on account of my attachment to my SAVIOUR only SUFFER-ING for my SINS, I am happy; yea, I am

joyful in the truth. In one point of view I compare myself to the SALAMANDER; that is, I am helped to live in the fires—the fire of my Redeemer's love shed abroad in my

of my Redeemer's love fhed abroad in my heart by his Holy Spirit, helps me to live in the fire of PERSECUTION and TRIBU-

LATION.

To conclude, if there be any here present who think they are strong enough to endure fin to be punished on them, or in them, I must leave them to their own PRINCIPLE, while, through Grace, I pray that I may ever live on CHRIST as the alone SACRI-FICE for my SIN.